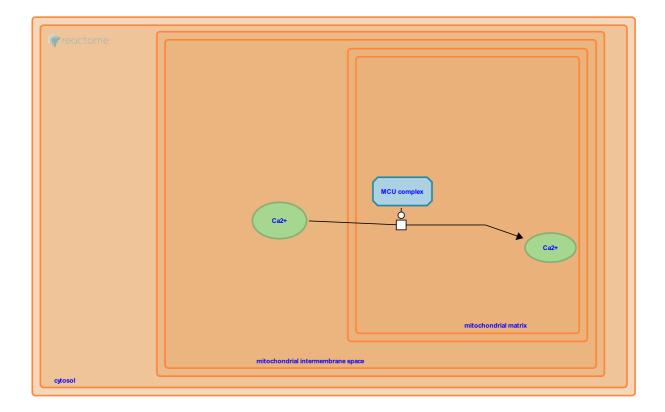


## Mitochondrial calcium ion transport



European Bioinformatics Institute, New York University Langone Medical Center, Ontario Institute for Cancer Research, Oregon Health and Science University.

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This is just an excerpt of a full-length report for this pathway. To access the complete report, please download it at the  $\frac{\text{Reactome Textbook}}{\text{Reactome Textbook}}$ .

04/05/2024

https://reactome.org

#### Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

The development of Reactome is supported by grants from the US National Institutes of Health (P41 HG003751), University of Toronto (CFREF Medicine by Design), European Union (EU STRP, EMI-CD), and the European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EBI Industry program).

#### Literature references

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Reactome database release: 88

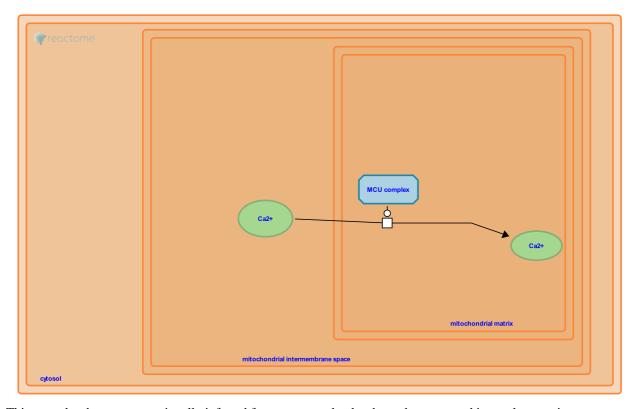
This document contains 1 pathway and 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

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#### Mitochondrial calcium ion transport **→**

Stable identifier: R-XTR-8949215

Inferred from: Mitochondrial calcium ion transport (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

More details and caveats of the event inference in Reactome. For details on PANTHER see also: <a href="http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp">http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp</a>

https://reactome.org

# MCU translocates calcium from the mitochondrial intermembrane space to the mitochondrial matrix **→**

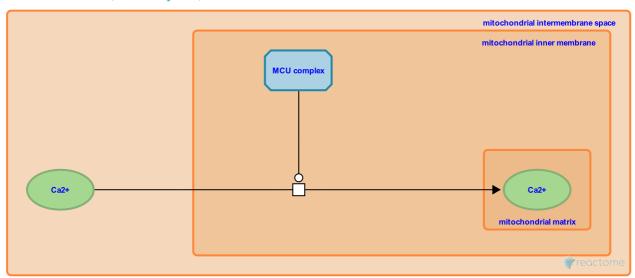
Location: Mitochondrial calcium ion transport

Stable identifier: R-XTR-8949178

Type: transition

**Compartments:** mitochondrial inner membrane

**Inferred from:** MCU translocates calcium from the mitochondrial intermembrane space to the mitochondrial matrix (Homo sapiens)



This event has been computationally inferred from an event that has been demonstrated in another species.

The inference is based on the homology mapping from PANTHER. Briefly, reactions for which all involved PhysicalEntities (in input, output and catalyst) have a mapped orthologue/paralogue (for complexes at least 75% of components must have a mapping) are inferred to the other species. High level events are also inferred for these events to allow for easier navigation.

 $\underline{More\ details\ and\ cave ats\ of\ the\ event\ inference\ in\ Reactome.}\ For\ details\ on\ PANTHER\ see\ also: \\ \underline{http://www.pantherdb.org/about.jsp}$ 

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