Il15:Il15ra:p-Y-Il2rb:p-Y-Jak1:p-Y-Il2rg:p-Y-Jak3:p-Y-Shc1:Grb2 binds Gab2

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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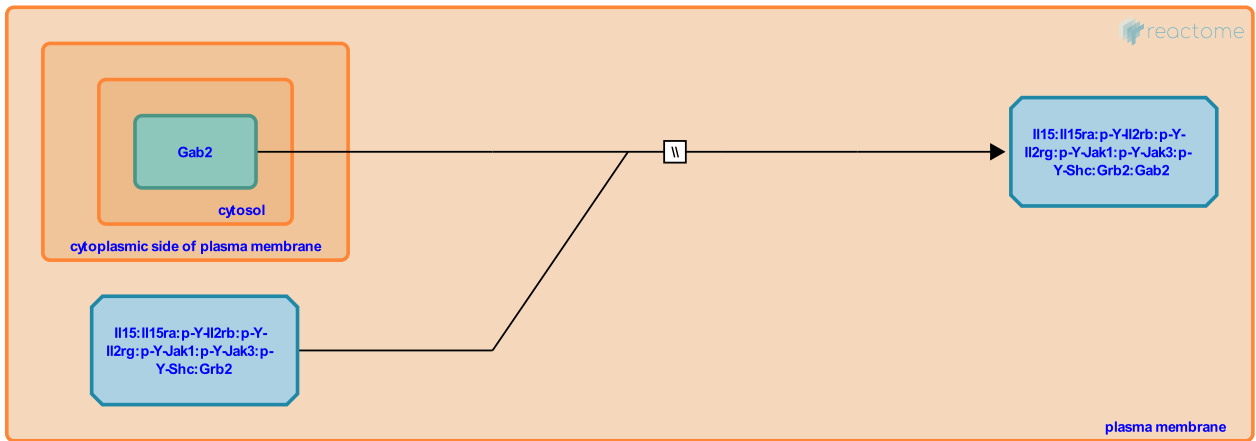
Reactome database release: 88

This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

Il15:Il15ra:p-Y-Il2rb:p-Y-Jak1:p-Y-Il2rg:p-Y-Jak3:p-Y-Shc1:Grb2 binds Gab2 ↗

Stable identifier: R-MMU-9007126

Type: omitted

Compartments: cytosol, extracellular region, plasma membrane

Grb2 associated binding protein 2 (Gab2) is believed to bind and be phosphorylated in response to Interleukin-2 (Il2) and Interleukin-15 (Il15) stimulation. Its phosphorylation is greatly diminished by mutation of the site in the Interleukin-2 Receptor beta chain (Y338F) (Il2rb) that recruits SHC transforming protein 1 (Shc1) (Gadina et al.2000, Wöhrle et al.2009, Gesbert et al. 1998, Brockdorff et al. 2001).

Gab2 is a phosphoprotein that is suggested to associates with PI3kinase, Growth factor receptor-bound protein 2 (Grb2) and Tyrosine protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11 (Ptpn11 or Shp2) in T and Natural Killer (NK) cells (Gu et al. 2000).

This is a black box event because Gab2 binding is inferred from Il15 stimulation of Gab2 phosphorylation (Brockdorff et al. 2001).

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Editions

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