

COMT binds COMT Inhibitors

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https://reactome.org

Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Reactome database release: 88

This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

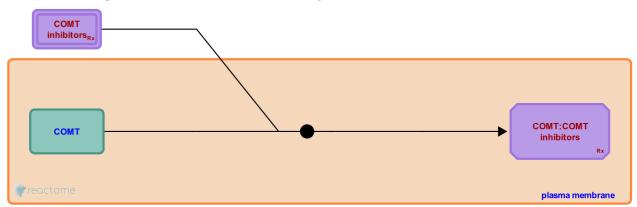
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Stable identifier: R-HSA-9679775

Type: binding

Compartments: plasma membrane, extracellular region



Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) is one of several enzymes that degrade catecholamines (such as dopamine, epinephrine, and norepinephrine) and various substances having a catechol structure. COMT inhibitors such as entacapone, tolcapone and opicapone are used in the treatment of Parkinson's disease.

Literature references

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Editions

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