

# ATM:PEX5 translocates from cytosol to peroxisomal membrane

Metzakopian, E., Varusai, TM.

European Bioinformatics Institute, New York University Langone Medical Center, Ontario Institute for Cancer Research, Oregon Health and Science University.

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# Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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# Literature references

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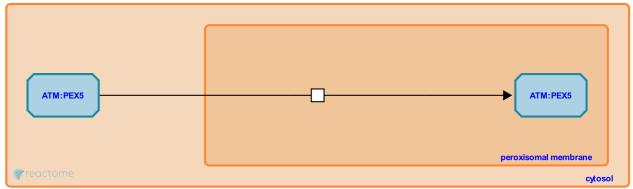
This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

# ATM:PEX5 translocates from cytosol to peroxisomal membrane 7

#### Stable identifier: R-HSA-9664883

#### Type: transition

#### Compartments: cytosol, peroxisomal membrane



After the binding of Peroxisomal targeting signal 1 receptor (PEX5) and Ataxia telangiectasia mutated protein (ATM), PEX5 recruits the complex to the peroxisomal membrane for the next steps of the degradation process (Zhang J et al. 2015).

### Literature references

Kim, J., Walker, CL., Pandita, TK., Charaka, VK., Jing, J., Dere, R. et al. (2015). ATM functions at the peroxisome to induce pexophagy in response to ROS. *Nat. Cell Biol.*, *17*, 1259-69.

## **Editions**

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