

Activated ESR1 binds the RUNX2 gene pro-

moter

Ducy, P., Orlic-Milacic, M.

European Bioinformatics Institute, New York University Langone Medical Center, Ontario Institute for Cancer Research, Oregon Health and Science University.

The contents of this document may be freely copied and distributed in any media, provided the authors, plus the institutions, are credited, as stated under the terms of <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)</u> <u>License</u>. For more information see our <u>license</u>.

18/05/2024

Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

The development of Reactome is supported by grants from the US National Institutes of Health (P41 HG003751), University of Toronto (CFREF Medicine by Design), European Union (EU STRP, EMI-CD), and the European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EBI Industry program).

Literature references

- Fabregat, A., Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Forner, O., Marin-Garcia, P., Arnau, V. et al. (2017). Reactome pathway analysis: a high-performance in-memory approach. *BMC bioinformatics, 18,* 142. 7
- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467. A
- Fabregat, A., Jupe, S., Matthews, L., Sidiropoulos, K., Gillespie, M., Garapati, P. et al. (2018). The Reactome Pathway Knowledgebase. *Nucleic Acids Res, 46*, D649-D655. ↗
- Fabregat, A., Korninger, F., Viteri, G., Sidiropoulos, K., Marin-Garcia, P., Ping, P. et al. (2018). Reactome graph database: Efficient access to complex pathway data. *PLoS computational biology*, *14*, e1005968. *オ*

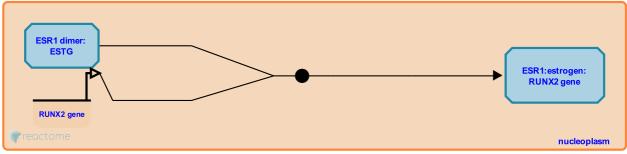
This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

Activated ESR1 binds the RUNX2 gene promoter 7

Stable identifier: R-HSA-8939904

Type: binding

Compartments: nucleoplasm



Activated estrogen receptor alpha (ESR1) binds estrogen response elements in the proximal P2 promoter of the RUNX2 gene (Kammerer et al. 2013).

Literature references

Gutzwiller, S., Kammerer, M., Fournier, B., Stauffer, D., Delhon, I., Seltenmeyer, Y. (2013). Estrogen Receptor a (ERa) and Estrogen Related Receptor a (ERRa) are both transcriptional regulators of the Runx2-I isoform. *Mol. Cell. Endocrinol.*, 369, 150-60. ↗

Editions

2016-09-21	Authored	Orlic-Milacic, M.
2017-08-04	Reviewed	Ducy, P.
2017-08-09	Edited	Orlic-Milacic, M.