TNFSF8 binds TNFRSF8

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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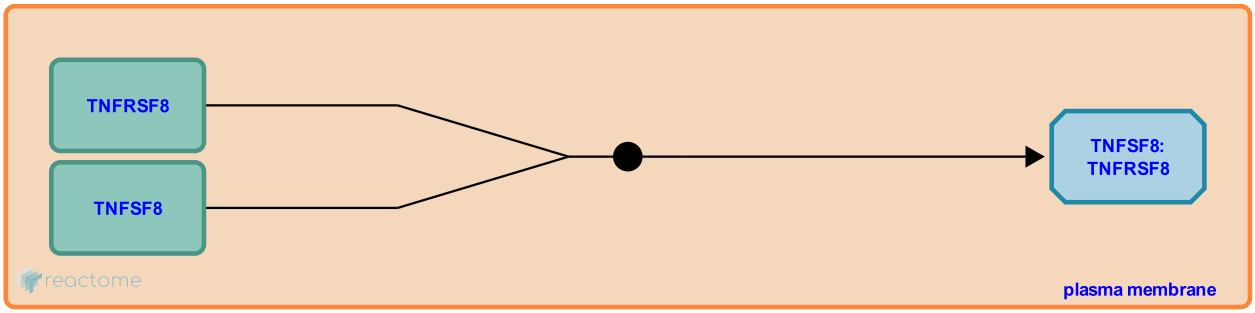
TNFSF8 binds TNFRSF8 ↗

Stable identifier: R-HSA-8856189

Type: binding

Compartments: plasma membrane



Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily 8 (TNFRSF8, CD30) and its ligand TNFSF8 (CD30 ligand, CD30L, CD153) are interacting cell-surface glycoproteins. TNFRSF8 is expressed on activated CD4 and CD8 T cells and B cells. It is a marker for Hodgkin's syndrome. TNFRSF8 signaling regulates hymocyte survival (Blazar et al. 2004) and peripheral T cell responses, controlling T cell survival and down-regulating cytolytic capacity (Duckett et al. 1997, Kurts et al. 1999, Telford et al. 1997).

Literature references

Goodwin, RG., Wiley, SR., Smith, CA. (1996). Reverse signaling via CD30 ligand. *J. Immunol., 157,* 3635-9. ↗

Editions

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