

3xUb,p-S-NFkB p105:TPL2:ABIN2 dissociates due to degradation of p105

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467. [↗](#)
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Reactome database release: 77

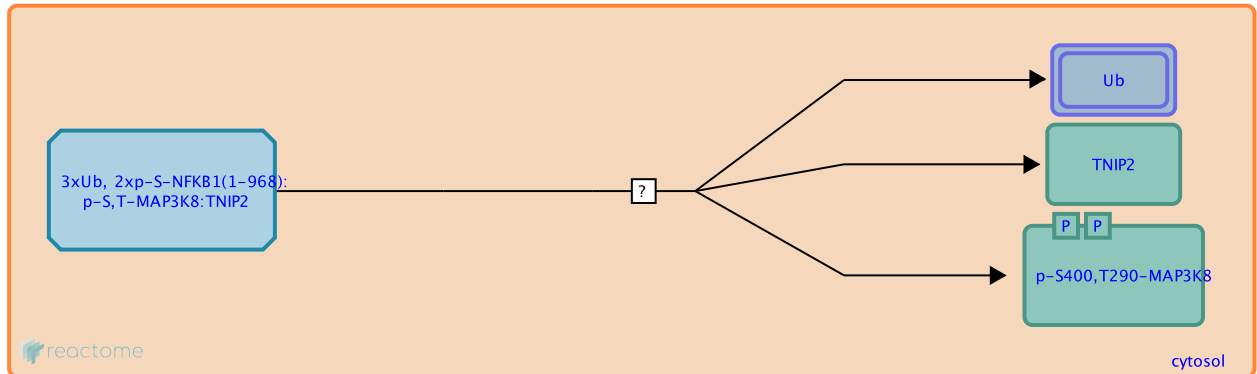
This document contains 1 reaction ([see Table of Contents](#))

3xUb,p-S-NFkB p105:TPL2:ABIN2 dissociates due to degradation of p105 ↗

Stable identifier: R-HSA-5684273

Type: uncertain

Compartments: cytosol



IKBKB-induced proteolysis of NFkB p105 to p50 releases MAP3K8 (TPL2) from the complex with NFkB p105 and ABIN2. On TLR or IL1beta stimulation, dissociated MAP3K8 with an adequate phosphorylation state activates MAP2K (MKK1/2) and consequently MAPK1/3 (ERK1/2).

Literature references

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Editions

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