

SESN1,2,3 bind AMPK

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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Reactome database release: 88

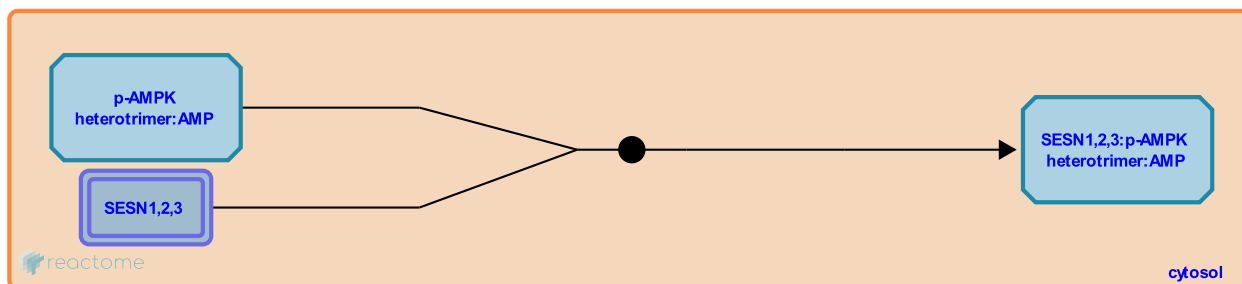
This document contains 1 reaction ([see Table of Contents](#))

SESN1,2,3 bind AMPK [↗](#)

Stable identifier: R-HSA-5631941

Type: binding

Compartments: cytosol



SESN1, SESN2 and possibly SESN3 are able to bind the AMPK complex and increase its catalytic activity. The exact mechanism has not been elucidated, but recent studies suggest that sestrin-bound AMPK is resistant to inactivation through AKT-induced dephosphorylation (Budanov and Karin 2008, Sanli et al. 2012, Cam et al. 2014).

Literature references

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Budanov, AV., Karin, M. (2008). p53 target genes sestrin1 and sestrin2 connect genotoxic stress and mTOR signaling. *Cell*, 134, 451-60. [↗](#)

Editions

2014-12-23	Authored, Edited	Orlic-Milacic, M.
2014-12-30	Reviewed	Hwang, PM., Kang, JG., Wang, PY.
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