

# MeSebGalNac is oxidatively cleaved to MeSeO2H and 2-acetamidoglucal

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17/05/2024

## Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

The development of Reactome is supported by grants from the US National Institutes of Health (P41 HG003751), University of Toronto (CFREF Medicine by Design), European Union (EU STRP, EMI-CD), and the European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EBI Industry program).

### Literature references

- Fabregat, A., Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Forner, O., Marin-Garcia, P., Arnau, V. et al. (2017). Reactome pathway analysis: a high-performance in-memory approach. *BMC bioinformatics, 18,* 142. 7
- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467. A
- Fabregat, A., Jupe, S., Matthews, L., Sidiropoulos, K., Gillespie, M., Garapati, P. et al. (2018). The Reactome Pathway Knowledgebase. *Nucleic Acids Res, 46*, D649-D655. ↗
- Fabregat, A., Korninger, F., Viteri, G., Sidiropoulos, K., Marin-Garcia, P., Ping, P. et al. (2018). Reactome graph database: Efficient access to complex pathway data. *PLoS computational biology*, *14*, e1005968. *オ*

This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

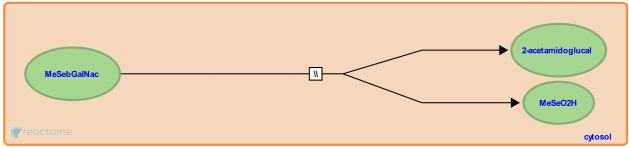
## MeSebGalNac is oxidatively cleaved to MeSeO2H and 2-acetamidoglucal 7

Stable identifier: R-HSA-5333612

Type: omitted

#### Compartments: cytosol

**Inferred from:** MeSebGalNac is oxidatively cleaved to MeSeO2H and 2-acetamidoglucal (Rattus norvegicus)



1beta-methylseleno-N-acetyl-D-galactosamine (MeSebGalNac) aka selenosugar B is oxidatively cleaved to methylseleninic acid (MeSeO2H) and 2-acetamidoglucal by an unknown mechanism. The actual enzyme or enzymes involved have yet to be identified. This reaction is inferred from the event in rat (Suzuki et al. 2006).

#### Literature references

Suzuki, KT., Suzuki, N., Somekawa, L. (2006). Distribution and reuse of 76Se-selenosugar in selenium-deficient rats. *Toxicol. Appl. Pharmacol., 216*, 303-8. ¬

#### **Editions**

| 2014-05-06 | Authored | Williams, MG.   |
|------------|----------|-----------------|
| 2015-08-29 | Edited   | D'Eustachio, P. |
| 2015-08-30 | Reviewed | Rush, MG.       |