

p-4Y-SIRPA:CD47 binds PTPN6,PTPN11

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https://reactome.org

Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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Reactome database release: 88

This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

https://reactome.org Page 2

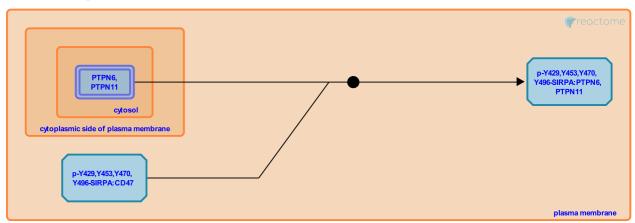
p-4Y-SIRPA:CD47 binds PTPN6,PTPN11 >

Stable identifier: R-HSA-391150

Type: binding

Compartments: cytosol, plasma membrane

Inferred from: Recruitment of Shp-1 to pSirp alpha (Mus musculus), Recruitment of Shp-2 to pSirp alpha (Rattus norvegicus)



SIRP alpha functions as a docking protein. The tyrosine-phosphorylated residues of SIRP alpha trigger the binding and activation of tyrosine phosphatases SHP-1 and SHP-2. All four phosphotyrosines of SIRP alpha may serve as substrates for SHP-1 and SHP-2. SIRP alpha binds mostly to SHP-1 in hematopoietic cells and with SHP-2 in non-hematopoietic cells. These phosphatases mediate the specific functions of SIRP alpha.

Editions

2009-02-12	Authored, Edited	Garapati, P V.
2010-05-20	Reviewed	Barclay, AN.