

# PHF8 demethylates histone H4K20me1

Longworth, MS., Matthews, L., Orlic-Milacic, M.

European Bioinformatics Institute, New York University Langone Medical Center, Ontario Institute for Cancer Research, Oregon Health and Science University.

The contents of this document may be freely copied and distributed in any media, provided the authors, plus the institutions, are credited, as stated under the terms of <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)</u>
<u>License</u>. For more information see our <u>license</u>.

03/04/2024

https://reactome.org

### Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

The development of Reactome is supported by grants from the US National Institutes of Health (P41 HG003751), University of Toronto (CFREF Medicine by Design), European Union (EU STRP, EMI-CD), and the European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EBI Industry program).

#### Literature references

- Fabregat, A., Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Forner, O., Marin-Garcia, P., Arnau, V. et al. (2017). Reactome pathway analysis: a high-performance in-memory approach. *BMC bioinformatics*, 18, 142.
- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467.
- Fabregat, A., Jupe, S., Matthews, L., Sidiropoulos, K., Gillespie, M., Garapati, P. et al. (2018). The Reactome Pathway Knowledgebase. *Nucleic Acids Res, 46*, D649-D655.
- Fabregat, A., Korninger, F., Viteri, G., Sidiropoulos, K., Marin-Garcia, P., Ping, P. et al. (2018). Reactome graph data-base: Efficient access to complex pathway data. *PLoS computational biology, 14*, e1005968.

Reactome database release: 88

This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

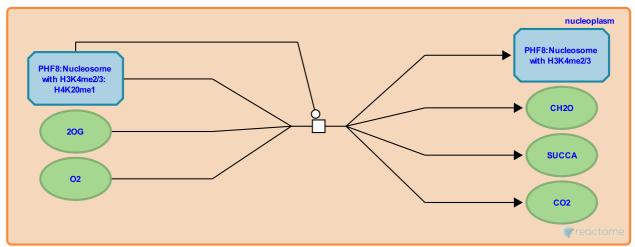
https://reactome.org Page 2

# PHF8 demethylates histone H4K20me1 **→**

**Stable identifier:** R-HSA-2172678

Type: transition

Compartments: nucleoplasm



PHF8, a PHD and Jumonji C domain-containing protein, is recruited to chromatin by binding to dimethylated or trimethylated histone H3 - H3K4me2 and/or H3K4me3. PHF8 demethylates monomethylated histone H4, H4K20me1, a docking site for the condesin II complex (Liu et al. 2010).

# Literature references

Liu, W., Glass, CK., Desai, A., Ohgi, KA., Aggarwal, AK., Benner, C. et al. (2010). PHF8 mediates histone H4 lysine 20 demethylation events involved in cell cycle progression. *Nature*, 466, 508-12.

## **Editions**

2013	-04-23	Edited	Matthews, L.
2013	-04-23	Authored	Orlic-Milacic, M.
2013	-10-14	Reviewed	Longworth, MS.