

PGJ2 is isomerised to delta12-PGJ2

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467. [↗](#)
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- Fabregat, A., Korninger, F., Viteri, G., Sidiropoulos, K., Marin-Garcia, P., Ping, P. et al. (2018). Reactome graph database: Efficient access to complex pathway data. *PLoS computational biology*, 14, e1005968. [↗](#)

Reactome database release: 88

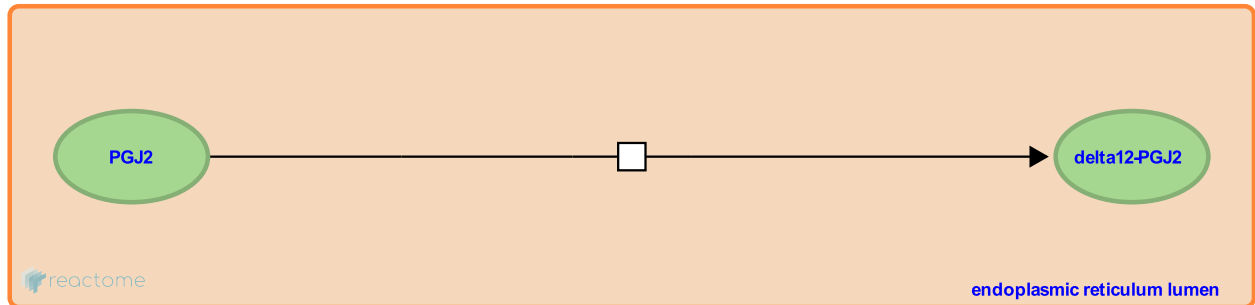
This document contains 1 reaction ([see Table of Contents](#))

PGJ2 is isomerised to delta12-PGJ2 [↗](#)

Stable identifier: R-HSA-2161563

Type: transition

Compartments: endoplasmic reticulum lumen



Delta-12-prostaglandin J2 (delta12-PGJ2) is an isomerisation product of prostaglandin J2 (PGJ2) (Monneret et al. 2002).

Literature references

Rokach, J., Vasilescu, J., Li, H., Monneret, G., Powell, WS. (2002). 15-Deoxy-delta 12,14-prostaglandins D2 and J2 are potent activators of human eosinophils. *J Immunol*, 168, 3563-9. [↗](#)

Editions

2012-02-24	Authored, Edited	Williams, MG.
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