

palmitoylation of eNOS

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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Reactome database release: 88

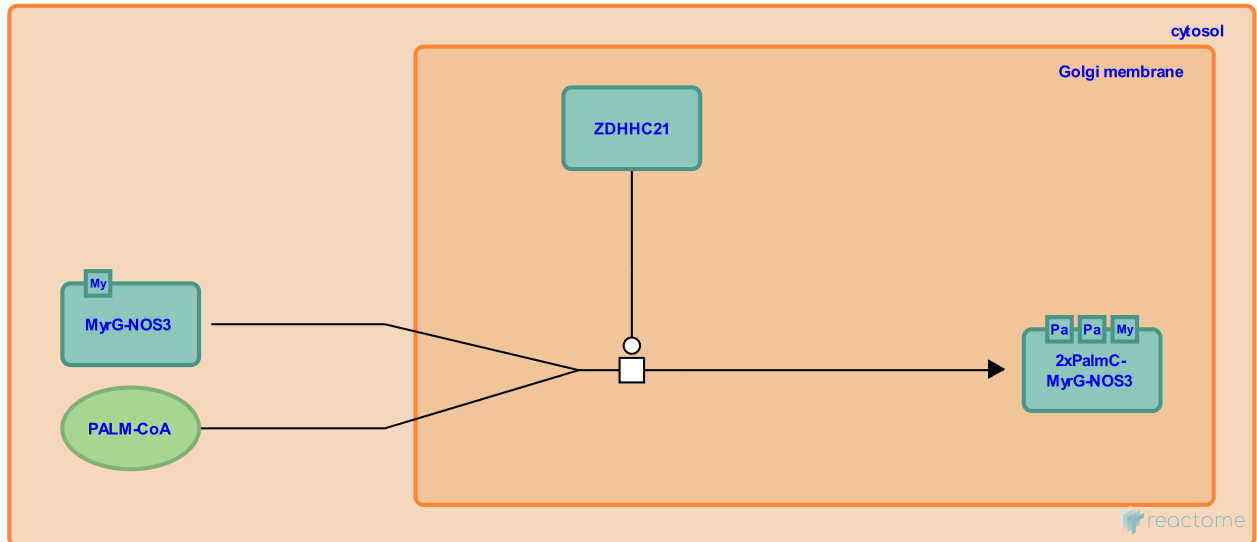
This document contains 1 reaction ([see Table of Contents](#))

palmitoylation of eNOS [↗](#)

Stable identifier: R-HSA-203567

Type: transition

Compartments: Golgi membrane



DHHC-21 is a Golgi-localized acyl transferase that palmitoylates eNOS, which targets eNOS to plasmalemmal caveolae. Localization to this microdomain is likely to optimize eNOS activation and the extracellular release of nitric oxide.

Literature references

Sessa, WC., Bredt, DS., Bernatchez, PN., Fernandez-Hernando, C., Fukata, M., Lin, MI. et al. (2006). Identification of Golgi-localized acyl transferases that palmitoylate and regulate endothelial nitric oxide synthase. *J Cell Biol*, 174, 369-77. [↗](#)

Schnitzer, JE., Liu, J., Sessa, WC., Garcia-Cardena, G., Oh, P. (1996). Targeting of nitric oxide synthase to endothelial cell caveolae via palmitoylation: implications for nitric oxide signaling. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*, 93, 6448-53. [↗](#)

Editions

2007-10-19	Authored	Hemish, J.
2008-02-28	Reviewed	Enikolopov, G.