

Viral dsRNA:TLR3 recruits TRIF (TICAM1)

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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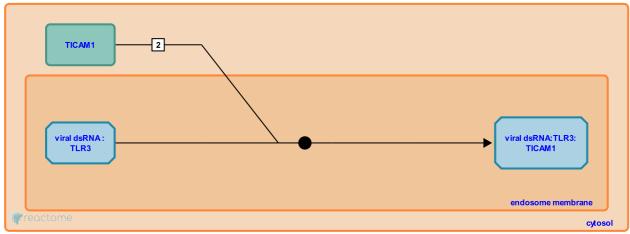
This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

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Stable identifier: R-HSA-168929

Type: binding

Compartments: endosome membrane, cytosol



TIR-domain-containing adaptor inducing interferon-beta (TRIF or TICAM1) was shown to play an essential role in TLR3 signaling. All poly(I:C)-induced pathways leading to NFkB and IRF3 activation were abolished in TRIF-/-mice [Yamamoto et al. 2003].

Literature references

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Editions

2005-11-10	Authored	Luo, F.
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