

Suicidal integration leading to inverted circle formation

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Literature references

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- Sidiropoulos, K., Viteri, G., Sevilla, C., Jupe, S., Webber, M., Orlic-Milacic, M. et al. (2017). Reactome enhanced pathway visualization. *Bioinformatics*, 33, 3461-3467. [↗](#)
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Reactome database release: 88

This document contains 1 reaction ([see Table of Contents](#))

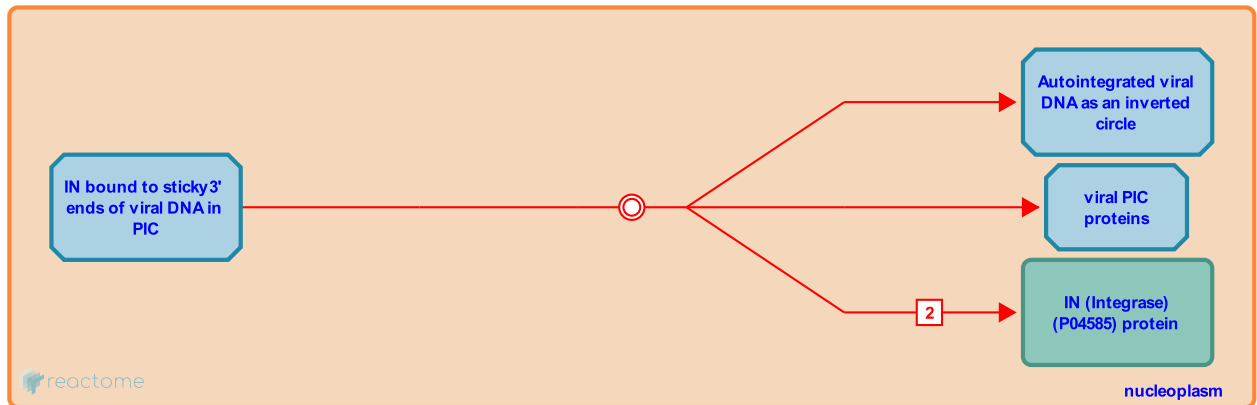
Suicidal integration leading to inverted circle formation ↗

Stable identifier: R-HSA-164845

Type: dissociation

Compartments: nucleoplasm

Diseases: Human immunodeficiency virus infectious disease



Following the integrase-mediated strand transfer reaction of autointegration, the integration complex must be disassembled and the gapped intermediate repaired, just as in normal integration.

Literature references

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Editions

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