

Phosphorylation of PLCgamma by PDGFR

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Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

The development of Reactome is supported by grants from the US National Institutes of Health (P41 HG003751), University of Toronto (CFREF Medicine by Design), European Union (EU STRP, EMI-CD), and the European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EBI Industry program).

Literature references

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Reactome database release: 77

This document contains 1 reaction (see Table of Contents)

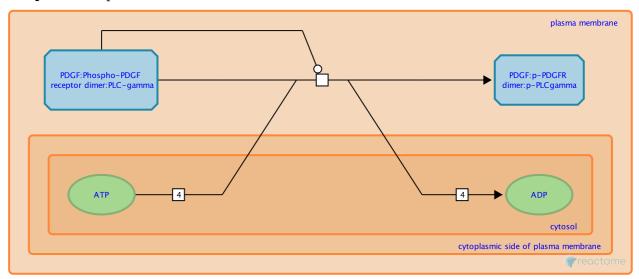
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Phosphorylation of PLCgamma by PDGFR >

Stable identifier: R-HSA-1524186

Type: transition

Compartments: plasma membrane



The activated PDGF receptor phosphorylates PLCgamma on tyrosine residues 472,771,783 and 1254, activating the enzyme.

Literature references

Meisenhelder, J., Suh, PG., Rhee, SG., Hunter, T. (1989). Phospholipase C-gamma is a substrate for the PDGF and EGF receptor protein-tyrosine kinases in vivo and in vitro. *Cell*, *57*, 1109-22.

Carpenter, G., Ji, Q. (1999). Phospholipase C-gamma as a signal-transducing element. Exp Cell Res, 253, 15-24.

Editions

2008-11-24	Reviewed	Heldin, CH.
2011-08-24	Authored	Rothfels, K.

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