

EGF-induced dimerization of ligand-responsive EGFR mutants

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https://reactome.org

Introduction

Reactome is open-source, open access, manually curated and peer-reviewed pathway database. Pathway annotations are authored by expert biologists, in collaboration with Reactome editorial staff and cross-referenced to many bioinformatics databases. A system of evidence tracking ensures that all assertions are backed up by the primary literature. Reactome is used by clinicians, geneticists, genomics researchers, and molecular biologists to interpret the results of high-throughput experimental studies, by bioinformaticians seeking to develop novel algorithms for mining knowledge from genomic studies, and by systems biologists building predictive models of normal and disease variant pathways.

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Reactome database release: 88

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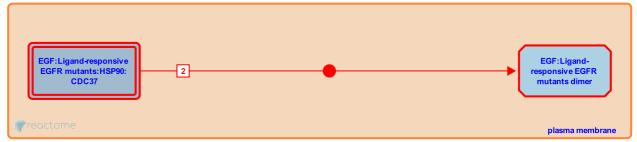
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Stable identifier: R-HSA-1220613

Type: binding

Compartments: plasma membrane, cytosol, extracellular region

Diseases: cancer



Although ligand-responsive EGFR mutants dimerize spontaneously, dimerization is increased in the presence of EGF.

Literature references

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Editions

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